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Services in the Field New the Work Places Create and Population Employment of Provision Modern Model Create Prospects

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Abstract

In the conditions of the current market economy, the most important thing for enterprises is to increase profits and, of course, to develop more products and services. This can be achieved only by increasing the workforce and increasing productivity.

Keywords: Productivity of cocktail, cocktail resources, cocktail potential.

Acceleration of innovative processes in the economy has created new, unprecedented opportunities for the growth of social labor productivity. In the conditions of the innovative economy, the role of science, new techniques and technologies in expanded reproduction increases, science becomes a direct production force. High-efficiency means of production and modern technologies, knowledge and skills of the participants of social production lead to the continuous reduction of animate and inanimate labor classes to the newly created value unit, and the increasing productivity of social labor.

According to the data of the World Bank, social labor productivity increased by 2.7 times over 50 years (1961-2019) in the 30 largest economies of the world, which produce 76.2% of the world's gross domestic product. ¹Nowadays... according to the ranking of 36 well-developed economies of the world, Luxenburg is the leader - 67.3 dollars/hour, followed by Norway-, in third place is Russia in the CIS countries. It is in 34th place with an indicator of 5.3 dollars/hour. Uzbekistan did not participate in this rating, and it was not possible to compare the country's labor productivity indicators with the indicators of leading countries. However, the number of people employed in the economy increases their working hours, the results of the calculation based on the volume of the gross domestic product created in the country during the year showed that the labor productivity in Uzbekistan is 85% lower than the indicators of Russia.

The law of saving time, which is common to all socio-economic formations, applies equally to the subsequent stages of development. Therefore, the process of growth of labor productivity will continue continuously. The time saved as a result of continuous growth of labor productivity is the main source of wealth of society.

labor productivity means that the able-bodied part of the population spends less time in the process of participation in social production, and more economic output, that is, the creation of value (new goods).

¹www data.workbank.org/products/ wdi

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The growth of labor productivity has a strong influence on many aspects of the development of society. In particular, the size of the gross domestic product produced in the country, the efficiency of the use of economic resources, the quality of life of the population, its real income, and the amount of its important indicators, such as its free time, are inextricably linked to the level of labor productivity. There is also an integral and close relationship between labor productivity and population employment. In the conditions of the market economy, the main part of all material and non-material goods necessary to satisfy human needs is transferred to the consumer by means of equivalent exchange. The share of goods and services that reach consumers through distribution is very small and is used in certain cases or in a limited way to certain categories of the population. In the conditions of the dominance of commodity-money relations, the necessary and additional value created in the labor process by the expanded participation in production is the only source of income for entrepreneurs and hired workers. The main goal of each participant in advanced reproduction is to maximize the amount of income that comes to their disposal. Because in the conditions of the market economy, income ensures a decent life and economic well-being of any person participating in social production and his family members. The increase in labor productivity is a new factor in solving the problems of reducing production costs and, as a result, increasing income.

Labor productivity is strongly influenced by market mechanisms and has a significant impact on the number of people employed in the economy. The increase in the productivity of social labor requires a reduction in the number of people employed in the economy. Improvements in new techniques and technologies lead to a dramatic increase in the productivity of live cocktails. As a result, the problem of providing employment to the part of the population capable of working and willing to participate in social production becomes increasingly acute, becoming one of the most pressing socio-economic, moreover, political-legal problems of individual society. As a result of the decrease in the number of employed people in the state economy, an active macroeconomic policy is carried out in the direction of this strategically important goal, there are several reasons. In our opinion, the following can be included in the list of reasons:

Firstly, the decrease in the number of employed people in the economy and, accordingly, the increase in the number of the unemployed, the full use of the country's labor resources and labor potential in economic growth does not correspond to the essence of the concept, it has a negative impact on the position of the national economy in the world economy and international prestige. secret shows.

Secondly, the living standard of an able-bodied person who is deprived of the opportunity to participate in social production with a useful contribution (due to external reasons beyond his control) will be low. Employment in the economy is considered one of the most powerful tools of social society. A decrease in the number of employed people in the national economy and an increase in the number of unemployed have a great negative impact on the average living standards of the country's population.

Thirdly, those who could not find a suitable job and suffer financial loss from unemployment have strong feelings of dissatisfaction with the environment and society. This creates serious problems in the sustainable development of the society, maintaining the country's equality and peace, and achieving political stability.

Due to the above reasons, ensuring the full and effective population in the world economy and all countries within it began to gain primary importance. But the concept of "full employment" has

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been organized differently in different countries at different times. In the conditions of the planned economy, "full employment" meant the involvement of all able-bodied people in social production without leaving a single one, and the prosecution of those who were unemployed for some reason. Those who did not participate in social production or other types of useful economic activity were accused of gratuity, living at the expense of others, and were subjected to severe pressure under the slogan "no work does not bite".

In an economic system based on free market relations, there are various sources of income, which allows you to forgive without participating in social production with your own labor activities (property income, inheritance from relatives, etc.). In such a society, there is no basis for forcing people to work, accusing people who do not work of being greedy and slanderous, and holding them legally responsible. A plan of "full employment" in accordance with the philosophy and practice of the free market, as opposed to the practice of "forcing" all the able-bodied into the economy of administrative corruption, implies the participation of only the able-bodied of their choice in social production. holds Such an approach ensures that the individual is free to provide employment and determine the means of livelihood.

The trend of increasing unemployment in the world economy is getting stronger. According to the information of the International Cocktail Organization, the number of unemployed people in the countries of the world in 2019 is 2.2 million. exceeds a person ².

Under the strong influence of the scientific and technical revolution, the problem of ensuring full employment of the population is becoming increasingly acute in the coming years. As a solution to this problem, F. Bastna (1801-1850) of the 19th century, in his theory of services, put forward the promising idea of using the possibilities of the service sector in the development of social production. According to his scientific point of view, which correctly targets the far future, the high development of material production has a positive effect on the formation of the service sector, and the service sector, in turn, is the social production. leads to rise.

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